

## DaraEx

This user manual is valid for DaraEx with purple lids only.

Version 20\_EN\_RUO, 2022-09-05

	For research use only
	~30 tests
	2...8°C
	See package printings

## 1. Introduction

### 1.1. Overview

This manual describes the use of imusyn's

**anti-CD38 antibody neutralizing agent (DaraEx)**

to inhibit the agglutination effect of the anti-CD38 antibodies Daratumumab, Felzartamab, and Isatuximab in the indirect antiglobulin test (IAT).

Anti-CD38 antibodies can interfere with cross-matching and antibody search in the IAT. This interference can occur up to 6 months after the last administration of the drug <sup>1</sup>.

### 1.2. Test Principle

DaraEx masks CD38 on the surface of red blood cells, thereby preventing the anti-CD38 antibodies Daratumumab, Felzartamab, and Isatuximab from binding and inducing agglutination.

### 1.3. Statement of Intended Use

For research use only.

## 2. Materials and Equipment

### 2.1. Definition of Symbols

 DaraEx  process control, e.g. Dara-PC

 0.9% sodium chloride solution

### 2.2. Components

DaraEx  300 µl, conserved with 0.1% ProClin® 300



May cause an allergic skin reaction (H317). Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (H412). Wear protective gloves (P280). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention (P333+P313). Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations (P501).

WARNING!

### 2.3. Storage and Expiry Date

Store at 2...8°C. If the storage conditions are met,  can be used until the expiration date given on the primary packaging and the certificate of analysis.

### 2.4. Materials and Equipment Supplied by the User

Materials and Equipment	Supplier
- ID-Card LISS/Coombs - Test cell preparations for the ID System	Bio-Rad
<i>Alternatively</i> - Anti-Human Globulin Anti-IgG Polyspecific (Rabbit) MTS Card - Test cell preparations for the MTS System	Ortho Clinical Diagnostics
-  (e.g. a Daratumumab solution, or  )	Not applicable / imusyn
<i>If applicable</i> - Reaction vessels, PP	Multiple suppliers
<i>If applicable</i> - 	Multiple suppliers
- Centrifuge for cards or work station, matching the card system used	Bio-Rad / Ortho Clinical Diagnostics
- Incubator, 37°C	Multiple suppliers

Materials and Equipment	Supplier
- Pipettes and pipette tips	Multiple suppliers
- Tabletop centrifuge	Multiple suppliers

Note: All materials and devices indicated with a specific manufacturer have been tested for use with .

## 3. Preparation and Usage

During all activities, care must be taken to avoid contaminations. The reagents used must be brought to room temperature before use. The card manufacturer's requirements must also be observed.

### 3.1. Express Protocol

Use this protocol for 0.8% red blood cell preparations (e.g. test cell panels or preparations prepared from a red blood cell concentrate).

Note: The express protocol can also be used for cross-matching.

#### 3.1.1. Test Cell Preparation

To 1 volume of cells (0.8%), add 0.2 volumes of , e.g. to 50 µl of cells add 10 µl of . The cells can be used immediately, the addition can be done directly in the card or in a separate reaction vessel. Incubation in advance is not necessary.



The test cell concentration is critical! Cells that are concentrated above 0.8% need higher volumes of  added (see also chapter 3.2)!

WARNING!

#### 3.1.2. Test Procedure

Use the -treated cells in the IAT system according to the manufacturer's instructions for use.

In addition to the specimens, a known and otherwise non-reactive, anti-CD38 antibody containing sample or solution must be included as process control . The use of Dara-PC or 0.5 mg/ml Daratumumab in  as  is recommended. Each -treated cell has to be tested at least once with the  to confirm the neutralization of CD38 at the cell surface.



The sequence of pipetting is a critical factor! The treatment of the cells with  (section 3.1.1) must take place before addition of the specimen or  to the IAT (3.1.2)!

WARNING!

### 3.2. Alternative Protocol

Use this protocol for 1.6% red blood cell preparations, e.g. if the express protocol was not successful.

#### 3.2.1. Test Cell Preparation

To 1 volume of red blood cells (1.6%), add the same volume of  (final cell concentration 0.8%), e.g. to 25 µl cells add 25 µl of . The cells can be used immediately, the addition can be done directly in the card or in a separate reaction vessel. Incubation in advance is not necessary.

#### 3.2.2. Test Procedure

Use the -treated cells in the IAT system according to the manufacturer's instructions for use.

In addition to the specimens, a process control , as described in chapter 3.1.2, must be included. Each -treated cell has to be tested at least once with the  to confirm the neutralization of CD38 at the cell surface.



The sequence of pipetting is a critical factor! The treatment of the cells with  (section 3.2.1) must take place before addition of the specimen or  in the IAT (section 3.2.2)!

WARNING!

## 4. Analysis and Troubleshooting

### 4.1. Analysis

Treatment of the test cells with  should in most cases completely inhibit the agglutination caused by anti-CD38 antibodies. The IAT can be evaluated as if no anti-CD38 antibody was present in the specimen.

-treated cells should not react with . If the cells agglutinate with both the  and the specimen, the test result is invalid and cannot be used.

4.2. Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
DaraEx-treated cells are agglutinated by both the PC and the specimen.	Wrong sequence of pipetting (addition of DaraEx after or together with the addition of PC or specimen to cells).	Ensure that the PC and specimen are added after the treatment of the cells with DaraEx.
	Incomplete inhibition of agglutination mediated by therapeutic anti-CD38 antibodies.	Ensure that the procedure has been followed according to instructions and repeat the test if necessary.
		If the procedure was performed according to section 3.1, adjust the test cell concentration to 1.6% and repeat the test according to section 3.2.
	CD38 expression on the test cells used too high.	If possible, repeat the test using other test cells.

5. Limitations and Interfering Substances

5.1. Limitations

DaraEx was tested with the standard volumes used in the indicated card systems. The use of volumes other than those specified in the card manufacturers' instructions for use, especially the use of higher specimen volumes, may lead to incomplete inhibition of anti-CD38 antibody interference. The usage of other card systems or IAT procedures than listed in section 2.4 may cause false results and must thus be validated by the user beforehand.

Specimens from patients with high levels of free anti-CD38 antibody, e.g. patients recently treated with therapeutic anti-CD38 antibodies, or cells with high CD38 expression may not be fully inhibited.

DaraEx has only been tested with respect to inhibition of agglutination by anti-CD38 antibodies listed in section 1.1. Inhibition of other antibodies, including other anti-CD38 antibodies, by DaraEx has not been tested.

Failure to follow this instruction may lead to false results. In particular, the use of more cells or cells of a higher concentration may cause incomplete inhibition of anti-CD38 interference. Prolonged incubation of cells with DaraEx, e.g. by storing treated cells, has not been tested and may also lead to false results.

The treatment of the test cells according to section 3.1 leads to a slight dilution of the specimen in the test system (usually around 12%). It cannot be excluded that this may result in a reduction of the reaction strength of low-titer antibodies.

Treatment of test cells with DaraEx may lead to a specific enhancement of agglutination by anti-M or anti-N antibodies by up to one reaction strength.

Some card systems are more sensitive to anti-CD38 antibodies than others. If problems with incompletely inhibited anti-CD38 antibody reactions persist, a change of the card system may help.

Contamination of reagents or specimens, use of reagents beyond their expiration date, and use of non-recommended reagents and equipment may cause false results.

5.2. Interfering Substances

The preservative ProClin® 300 contained in the storage buffer of DaraEx was found not to interfere with the reactions in the IAT.

6. References

- Oostendorp M, Lammerts van Bueren JJ, Doshi P, et al. When blood transfusion medicine becomes complicated due to interference by monoclonal antibody therapy. Transfusion. 2015;55(6 Pt 2):1555-1562.

Patent EP3548898B1.

 Please check [imusyn.de/IFU](http://imusyn.de/IFU) regularly for updates to this user manual.

ATTENTION!

 Product change: due to a new product design, the handling of the product has changed. Please pay attention to the highlighted changes.

ATTENTION!